Effective Meetings

Effective is...

Success in producing a desired or intended result.

 Synonyms: successful, effectual, potent, powerful; helpful, beneficial, advantageous, valuable, useful

Meeting is...

 A coming together of two or more people, by chance or arrangement

 A collaborative work process designed to answer the who, why, how and what of a particular issue.

Non – Effective Meetings...

- Wastes the time of valuable resources.
- Can create a hostile work environment.
- Creates sub-optimal organizations and ineffective individuals.

Effective Meetings...

- Add real value to companies
- They produce ideas
- Give direction
- Strengthen bonds by building better relationships!

Before you can begin...

- Determine
 - What are the desired outcomes of a meeting?
 - How does the organization define "success?"

- Prepare Before the team meeting
 - Prepared meeting agenda has clearly defined objectives
 - Necessary participants are determined
 - Meeting time is set
 - Meeting location is set
 - Meeting agenda is distributed to the participants ahead of time with respective materials

- Participation
 - Team members participate- the right people are present

Open to change/input from others

During –

- Start on time
- Team meeting ground rules are established
- Meeting agenda is reviewed
- Agenda is followed
- One topic is discussed at a time
- One person has the floor at a time
- Discussions are relevant
- Time schedule is followed

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Listening for Understanding

Keys to Effective Listening

- Focus Paying complete attention to the speaker and the message he or she is trying to convey.
- Feedback Actively engaging the speaker through encouraging words and gestures, clarifying questions, and summarizing key points.
- Filtering Creating personal meaning from the speaker's comments. Putting the speaker's comments in context with your own experiences, knowledge, and perceptions.

Building Trust and Rapport

Two Aspects of Trust

- Trust in another's motivation
 - Do their intentions align with yours?
- Trust in another's competence
 - Do they have the ability to carry out those intentions?

Context of Trust

- Trust is most easily established when the boundaries of that trust are clearly defined.
 - -Who?
 - Regarding what responsibility?
 - For how long?

Building Trust

Trust begets trust

 If you show trust in someone else, they are more likely to trust you in return.

Self-disclosure

Judiciously disclosing personal or private information demonstrates trust.

Make eye contact

– The eyes have been called the "window to the soul."

Building Trust

- Honor the other's skills and accomplishments
 - But, push for change if appropriate
- Common self-interests
 - Most people trust others to pursue their own self-interests.
 - Build trust by showing how your selfinterest aligns with the other person's selfinterest.

Building Rapport

- People are more alike than different
- Relationships are strengthened when we focus on similarities
- Avoid tendency to focus on disagreements.
- Key: Focus on something you respect in the other person

Outcomes –

- Progress is made toward the objectives!
- Important discussions and decisions are summarized
- Responsibilities, assigned tasks and deadlines are documented
- Team meeting ends on time

After –

- Participants received a follow-up memo within 24 hours
- Delegation decisions are followed-up
- Unfinished business is put on the agenda for the next team meeting

Now...

 Go forth and make your meetings successful!